

Biodiversitetsopmåling – Referenceliste til RISE-kontoret.

SEGES Natur har bidraget med en liste over videnskabelige referencer, som kunne underbygge at metoden revideres.

LITTERATURE:

Habitat quality is more important than corridors:

Poniatowski et al. 2018 : <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0006320718306736>

Simberloff et al. 1994. Movement Corridors: Conservation Bargains or Poor Investments? <https://conbio.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1046/j.1523-1739.1992.06040493.x>

Sowing wild flower mixtures might create ecological traps:

Hale & Swearer 2016: Ecological traps: current evidence and future directions. <https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/full/10.1098/rspb.2015.2647>

Ganser & Albrecht, 2019: Sown wildflower strips as overwintering habitat for arthropods: Effective measure or ecological trap? <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0167880919300349>

Managed honey bees:

Valido et al. 2019: Honeybees disrupt the structure and functionality of plant-pollinator networks. <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-019-41271-5>

Goulson & Sparrow (2009): Evidence for competition between honeybees and bumblebees; effects on bumblebee worker size. <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs10841-008-9140-y>

Torné-Noguera et al. 2014. Determinants of spatial distribution in a bee community: Nesting resources, flower resources, and body size. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0097255>

Henry & Rodet (2018). Controlling the impact of the managed honeybee on wild bees in protected areas. <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-018-27591-y>.

New Danish paper will be out during 2020 on the competition for resources between managed and wild bees – Danish case.